

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS
FROM
ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Another Postponement of the Conference on the Eastern Question Asked for by the Sultan.

A Communist Conspiracy Disclosed in Spain.

AGRARIAN VIOLENCE IN IRELAND.

Threatened Revolution in Mexico.

Another War With the United States Demanded.

SUCCESS OF THE REBELS IN HAITI.

Progress of the Cuban Revolution.

THE EASTERN QUESTION.

Another Postponement of the Eastern Conference Asked.

PARIS, Jan. 7, 1899.
The Sultan has sent a communication to the conference on the Eastern question for eight days, in order that instructions may be prepared for the representative of the Turkish government.

SPAIN.

Discovery of Another Conspiracy.

MADRID, Jan. 7, 1899.
It is reported that a communist conspiracy has been discovered in Jerez de la Frontera. An investigation of the affair is now in progress.

ENGLAND.

Political News.

LONDON, Jan. 7, 1899.
The political news, both here and on the Continent, is meagre and unimportant to-day.

Statement of the Bank of England.

LONDON, Jan. 7, 1899.
The amount of specie in vault in the Bank of England has decreased £74,000 since the last report.

IRELAND.

Disaffection Among the Irish Tenantry.

LONDON, Jan. 7, 1899.
The feeling among the tenantry in some parts of Ireland is very bitter against the landlords and many cases of agrarian violence are reported.

THE PLAINS.

The Indians Again on the War Path—Park Station Attacked—Stock Driven Off by the Savages.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 6, 1899.

A special despatch from Cheyenne states that a party of Indians came within three miles of Laporte yesterday afternoon and drove two men from their camp, capturing four horses, then drove off eight horses and mules belonging to Jim Moon. They also attacked Park station, and drove away a large number of horses, as well as 120 horses and mules from Laporte and Whitcomb's ranch, on Box Elder. A party of Indians were seen from the bluffs near Laporte this afternoon.

NEW MEXICO.

Negro Soldiers Demand Admittance to a White Ball and Kill Two White Soldiers Because They Are Refused—A Large Number of Persons Wounded—Bandits in San Miguel County.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 7, 1899.

A Santa Fe despatch of the 6th inst. reports an affray between the white and colored troops stationed at Central City, near "Pinos Altos," in which two white and three colored soldiers were killed and a large number wounded. The difficulty originated at a ball given by the white troops. The negroes claimed a right to dance and participate in the festivities, which was refused them by the whites. A fight ensued, and afterwards the colored troops obtained reinforcements from the fort and returned to the ballroom and killed two white soldiers as they left the room. It is reported that they turned the building and ravaged the wife and daughter of the owner.

Another correspondent, writing from San Miguel County, states that a party of armed men, supposed to be Mexicans, entered the town of Estero, took all the men prisoners and carried them off fifteen leagues, when they hung one and shot two of the prisoners. The others succeeded in making their escape. It was believed that this was done in revenge for the murder of two Texans, who were killed near Apache Springs. The neighborhood was infested with a powerful gang of Mexicans, half-breed Indians, white horse thieves and murderers, which the civil officers are unable to suppress.

ARIZONA.

Escape of an Indian Prisoner—Battle with the Indians—Legislative Proceedings.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 7, 1899.

Arizona soldiers state that Shorum, chief of the Hualapai Indians, escaped from the guard while en route to San Francisco for confinement. Colonel Rice has organized an expedition against the savages. He surprised and destroyed two villages, and killed eleven and captured twenty Indians. He also captured a large quantity of supplies. The legislature adjourned December 16, after a session of six days. A number of acts were passed, including one for the better regulation of the territorial prison. Congress was asked to appropriate \$25,000 for the purchase of land for the establishment of a military reservation on the Colorado river. The governor has received a letter from the United States government, in which the latter has expressed its appreciation of the services of the Arizona soldiers.

TENNESSEE.

Two Union Men Murdered—The Ku Klux Affray at Shelbyville—Citizens Organizing to Support the Authorities.

NASHVILLE, Jan. 7, 1899.

Mr. Hampton and his son, both Union men, were killed in Dickson county last Sunday morning by a tenant who endeavored to dispossess by force. The tenant was a returned rebel soldier. The latest advice from Bedford state that it is not known that any one was hurt in the affray at Shelbyville last Saturday night between the Ku Klux and negroes. The negroes fought with spirit and saved their schoolhouse, the destruction of which appeared to be the object of the raid. The old citizens generally declare that these outrages of the Klan should be stopped, to accomplish which they must organize in support of the authorities.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

The Charleston Mayor—The Governor Rejoined from Insuring Bonds to Billholders of the State Bank.

COLUMBIA, Jan. 7, 1899.

A caucus of republicans of both branches of the legislature was held this evening to nominate a candidate for Senator. Mr. Charles B. Wiggins, of Calais, was chosen president. The whole number of votes cast was 149 and one blank. Of these 75 were for Hannibal Hamlin and 74 for Hon. L. M. Morrill. By the action of Maine a blank vote is held to be no vote. Great excitement prevails.

MEXICO.

The Country Reported on the Eve of Revolution—The "God and Liberty" About to Assume the Patriotic—Murder of an American—Reported Leaders of the Seventy-fifth Revolution.

HAVANA, Jan. 7, 1899.

The French steamer Imperatrice, from Vera Cruz, brings still later dates from Mexico. There were many rumors, some of them claiming to come from reliable sources, that Mexico is on the eve of revolution. It is asserted that the people are disgusted with the administration of Juarez; that the President is controlled by Lerdo de Tejada; that the government officials act as they please, and there is no protection for American residents.

An American was murdered outside the walls of Vera Cruz shortly before the sailing of the French steamer. The assassin, although known to the authorities, was suffered to escape and arrived at Havana yesterday. The United States Consul at Vera Cruz is powerless to obtain justice.

The Mexicans are much incensed against the United States and some of them clamor for another war.

It was reported that General Alatorre would head a revolution against Juarez and for the purpose of placing Porfirio Diaz at the head of the republic.

CUBA.

Proclamation of General Dulce—Liberty and Equality Promised—The Situation in the Revolutionary Districts—Seditious Orators at the Funeral of a Murdered Cuban.

HAVANA, Jan. 7, 1899.

Last night by order of the government all the statues of Queen Isabella and other symbols of the late dynasty were removed from the squares and public buildings in the city.

Captain General Dulce has issued his anxiously awaited proclamation. It is addressed to Cubans. He says:

"I will brave every danger, accept every responsibility for your welfare. The revolution has swept away the Bourbon dynasty, tearing up the roots, a plant so poisonous that it polluted the air we breathed. To the citizen shall be returned his rights, to man his dignity. You will receive all the reforms which you require. Cubans and Spaniards are all brothers. From this day Cuba will be considered as a province of Spain. Freedom of the press, the right of meeting in public and representation in the national Cortes, the three fundamental principles of true liberty, are granted you."

General Dulce concludes as follows:

"Cubans and Spaniards! Speaking in the name of our Father Spain, I adjure you to forget the past, hope for the future, establish union and fraternity."

The news received from the interior to-day is to the effect that Count Valmaseda is making towards Bayamo.

The revolutionary forces, strong in numbers, are besieging Gibara and other towns, and 2,000 of them are holding Colonel Llof in check at Tunas.

The Marquis de Santa Lucia and General Castillo, at the head of rebel bands, remain in the neighborhood of Puerto Principe.

Provisions are arriving at Santiago for the troops and famishing people of the interior.

Senator Yaguer, who was killed by a Spanish officer yesterday, was buried at an early hour this morning. Many of his friends accompanied the corpse from the house of the deceased to the cemetery, and while on the way some Cubans excited seditious cries; but otherwise the affair passed off quietly, though the Cubans intended to make the funeral a political demonstration.

Sugars unchanged. Commercial advices from Jamaica report the market for sugars there rather unsettled.

HAITI AND ST. DOMINGO.

Progress of the Revolution in Haiti—The Rebels Cannoneading Port au Prince—The Rebellion in St. Domingo Active as Usual.

HAVANA, Jan. 7, 1899.

The following intelligence has been received from Haiti and St. Domingo:

The rebel General Saget had advanced on Port au Prince and commenced a heavy cannonading, which was vigorously returned.

President Salnave recently attended a *Te Deum* in the church at Miragoane. While there a party of rebels attempted to capture him. He was seasonably informed of the plot by a friend, and made his escape, but his personal staff and suite of attendants were attacked by the conspirators and cut to pieces.

Cape Haytien was closely besieged by the revolutionary forces.

Jacmel still remained in possession of the revolutionists, and was well prepared and able to resist the threatened attack of Salnave by land or sea.

It is reported that the revolutionists have succeeded in purchasing a steamer in New York.

The news from San Domingo is unfavorable to the government party. General Aden had crossed the frontier from Haiti and joined the rebel General Ogando's forces.

The position of President Baz was becoming critical.

ST. THOMAS.

Fearful Storm in the Vicinity—Vessels in Distress.

HAVANA, Jan. 7, 1899.

Intelligence has been received from St. Thomas of a fearful storm in that vicinity. The following British vessels had put in there in distress—Ship Julia, Newport, England, for New York; bark Stella, Troon for New York; and schooner Minnie Alden, Havana for New York; also American bark Adelaide, Portland for Cardenas. All these vessels were leaking, and the crews were in great distress. The United States government has ordered the United States cutter Albatross to proceed to St. Thomas, and to render assistance to the vessels in distress. The cutter is expected to arrive to-day.

VENEZUELA.

The Republic Transquil.

HAVANA, Jan. 7, 1899.

Advices from Caracas show that tranquility prevailed throughout the country. No event of importance had taken place since the last arrival.

MISSOURI.

Arrest of a Post Office Clerk—A Noted Paganist in Difficulty—A Prize Fight in Progress.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 7, 1899.

G. A. Pfau, a Post Office clerk, who was arrested a day or two since for abstracting letters, was committed to jail to-day in default of \$5,000, to appear before the United States Grand Jury.

Bill Davis, the pugilist, was bound over to-day to answer a charge of assault with intent to kill on the 25th ult. This will not interfere with the coming fight between him and Allen.

Jim Allen, who is to fight Bill Davis on the 12th inst., arrived here to-day, where he will complete his training. It is not known where the fight will take place. A large crowd is expected. It is said that Gallagher and Elliott will fight in the same ring.

The annual election of officers of the Merchants' Exchange took place to-day. G. P. Pfau was elected president and Henry Homeyer and Nathan Cole vice presidents.

Large Rectifying Establishment Seized—Another Bridge Over the Missouri River—Important Railroad Connection.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 7, 1899.

A libel petition was filed in the United States District Court to-day by Barton Able, Revenue Collector, against L. B. Delaine, against the forfeiture of Delaine's rectifying establishment, valued at \$50,000, on the ground of its being operated within 600 feet of a distillery, which is in violation of the law.

The citizens of St. Joseph are organizing a company to build a bridge across the Mississippi river at that point.

Branches of black cherry trees were brought to this city to-day in full bloom. It is feared that the present warm weather will result in bringing vegetation to the front there being of the same gauge as the cherry trees.

The Madison county (Illinois) ferry, which was sold yesterday, was really bought by the St. Louis and Chicago Railroad Company. The boats will be used for the transfer of freight cars from that road to this side of the river; also to the North Missouri river if required, the road there being of the same gauge as the Chicago road. When this arrangement is perfected freight can be shipped from Chicago or other points to St. Louis, and thence to the Missouri river, where the bridge across the Missouri river at Kansas City is completed, without breaking bulk.

MAINE.

Republican Legislative Caucus—Hannibal Hamlin Nominated for Senator.

AUGUSTA, Jan. 7, 1899.

A caucus of republicans of both branches of the legislature was held this evening to nominate a candidate for Senator. Mr. Charles B. Wiggins, of Calais, was chosen president. The whole number of votes cast was 149 and one blank. Of these 75 were for Hannibal Hamlin and 74 for Hon. L. M. Morrill. By the action of Maine a blank vote is held to be no vote. Great excitement prevails.

STATE LEGISLATURES.

Maine.

AUGUSTA, Jan. 7, 1899.
The legislature in joint convention to-day elected for Secretary of State Franklin M. Drew, of Brunswick; Attorney General, William P. Frye, of Lewiston; Adjutant General, John O. Caldwell, of Ellsworth; Land Agent, Parker B. Burleigh, of Lanesville; all present incumbents.

Massachusetts.

BOSTON, Jan. 7, 1899.
Governor Clinton will be inaugurated and deliver his message on Saturday.

The vetoed address of Governor Bullock is read in the legislature to-day. It was quite lengthy, giving an exhibit of the financial, educational and material interests of the Commonwealth. The total funded and unfunded debt of the State at this time is \$27,735,870—an increase during three years of about \$4,500,000. The principal sinking funds applicable to the reduction of the funded debt already amount to \$9,000,000. The advance in the market value of the securities which compose the sinking funds is more than \$1,250,000. The unfunded debt of the State is less than \$1,000,000.

The Rev. O. T. Walker (Baptist) was to-day elected Chaplain of the House.

Delaware.

WILMINGTON, Jan. 7, 1899.
Governor Seabury's message was communicated to the legislature yesterday. He refers very fully to the State finances. The total State debt is \$1,456,000. This includes the bonds loaned to the Delaware Railroad and the Junction and Breakwater Railroad, amounting to \$246,000, all of which is secured to the State by mortgage. The Governor recommends a direct State tax, to include bonds, mortgages, and a poll tax, and a general revision of the national bank. He suggests to the legislature that it may be necessary to revoke the charter of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad Company because of its refusal to pay the ten cents tax on passengers.

Florida.

TALLAHASSEE, Jan. 7, 1899.
Governor Reed's message was sent to the legislature to-day. He refers very fully to the State finances. The total State debt is \$1,456,000. This includes the bonds loaned to the Delaware Railroad and the Junction and Breakwater Railroad, amounting to \$246,000, all of which is secured to the State by mortgage. The Governor recommends a direct State tax, to include bonds, mortgages, and a poll tax, and a general revision of the national bank. He suggests to the legislature that it may be necessary to revoke the charter of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad Company because of its refusal to pay the ten cents tax on passengers.

Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 7, 1899.
The Indiana legislature convened in regular session this morning. In the Senate, Mr. John R. Craven, of Madison, was chosen President pro tem, and Mr. W. H. Williams, of Indianapolis, was elected Speaker. The inauguration of Governor Baker and Lieutenant Governor Crumback will take place to-day.

Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, Jan. 7, 1899.
In the House of Representatives to-day a resolution was introduced authorizing the Governor to take such steps as may be deemed proper to test the constitutionality of the Civil Rights bill.

Tennessee.

NASHVILLE, Jan. 7, 1899.
In the lower branch of the legislature to-day, Mr. Ryder introduced a bill providing for a State Convention to amend the constitution, so as to extend the right of suffrage to all white males.

Minnesota.

CHICAGO, Jan. 7, 1899.
Governor Marshall submitted his message to the Minnesota legislature to-day. He pronounces the financial condition of the State good. The receipts for the past year were \$35,550, and the expenditures \$32,315. The taxable property has increased fifteen per cent in value since 1887, and the school fund exceeds \$2,000,000. Last year the wheat crop was 16,000,000 bushels.

Michigan.

DETROIT, Jan. 7, 1899.
The legislature met in joint convention this morning to hear the report of the Governor's message, which is a lengthy document and reviews the financial condition of the State at length. At no time in the history of the State has its credit stood higher or its exhibit appeared more satisfactory.

To-day he says that the State is in a position of economy which have marked the management of the funds of the State for the last four years. The Governor's message is a lengthy document and reviews the financial condition of the State at length. At no time in the history of the State has its credit stood higher or its exhibit appeared more satisfactory.

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THE STATE CAPITAL.

Over the Arrival of Senator Morgan at Albany—The Fight Waxing Warm—Horse Greedy Lobbying for Marshall O. Roberts.

ALBANY, Jan. 7, 1899.